

(internal liquid cooling, up to 30W CW, SM, MM, PM)



### **DATASHEET**





The OILC Series fiber optical isolator is a passive device that guides lights at 850/980/1060 nm in the forward direction while blocking light propagating in the reverse direction. It unquietly features liquid cooling of the collimators that are prone to fail at high operating power. Our proprietary magnetic-optics technology and proven advanced micro-optics design perfected over 25 years features low insertion loss, high isolation, compact structure, high power handling, and high stability. The platform can accommodate various fibers of polarization independence, polarization maintenance, multimode, and double cladding. The available configurations include 5W CW optical power handling, dual-stage high isolation, and integrated output power monitoring tap. The excellent characteristics of this product make it an ideal choice for applications where a high-performance isolator is needed. We also provide customized designs to meet special applications.

### **Features**

- Low Insertion Loss
- High Isolation
- Low PDL
- High Stability
- High Reliability
- Cost Effective

## **Applications**

- Laser
- Fiber Optic Sensor
- Test and Measurement
- Instrumentation

### **Specifications**

Parameter		Min	Typical	Max	Unit	
Operation Wavelength	850	840		860	nm	
	980	970		990		
	1060	1050		1070		
Insertion Loss [1]			0.8	1.2	dB	
Wavelength Dependent Loss				0.2	dB	
Isolation	Singe Stage	22	27	30	dB	
	Dual Stage	45	50	60		
Polarization Dependent Loss (SM)			0.1	0.2	dB	
Polarization Extinction Ratio (PM) [2]		18		32	dB	
Polarization Mode Dispersion				0.2	ps	
Return Loss		50			dB	
Optical Power Handling			300		mW	
Operating Temperature <sup>[3]</sup>		-20	30	55	°C	
Storage Temperature		-10		60	°C	
Fiber Type		See				

#### Notes:

- [1]. Excluding connectors
- [2]. High extinction ratio require special order
- [3]. The device need to be mounted on a good heat conducting metal surface

**Note**: For a polarized input light version, the isolation is optimized to block the light reflection of the same polarization. Although lights of other polarizations may also be blocked, the extinction may be poor. PM isolators can be specially made to block backward propagating lights of all polarizations. PM isolators can also be made with a light polarizing function.

Legal notices: All product information is believed to be accurate and is subject to change without notice. Information contained herein shall legally bind Agiltron only if it is specifically incorporated into the terms and conditions of a sales agreement. Some specific combinations of options may not be available. The user assumes all risks and liability whatsoever in connection with the use of a product or its application.

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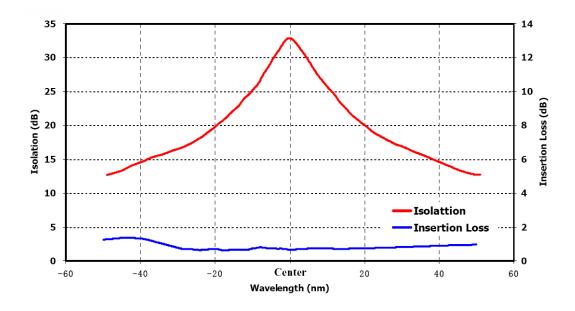


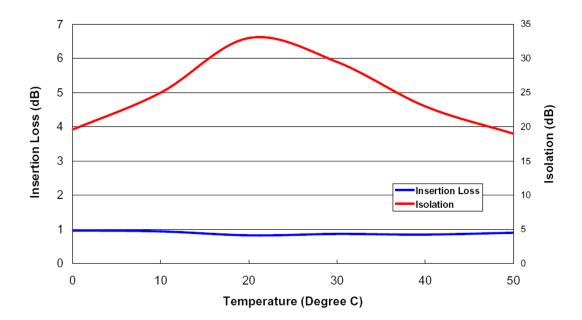
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## **Typical Single Stage Isolator Wavelength Dependence**









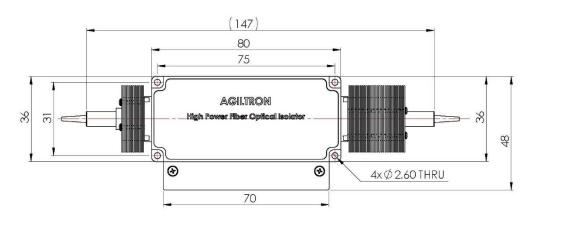


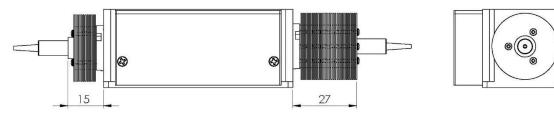
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Mechanical Dimensions: Standard (Mini/850) Unit: mm





## **Ordering Information**

Prefix	Configuration	Тар	Wavelength	Power	Stage	Fiber Type	Fiber Cover	Fiber Length	Connector
OILC-	Polarization Independent = 1 Polarization Maintaining = 2	Non = 1 Yes = 2 Special = 0	1060 = 1 850 = 8 980 = 9 Special = 0	10W = 1 20W = 2 30W = 3 40W = 4 50W = 5	Single = 1 Dual = 2	HI1060 = 2 HI780 = 7 HI980 = 9 PM780 = A PM850 = B PM980 = C Special = 0	0.9mm tube = 3 Bare fiber = 1 Special = 0	0.25m = 1 0.5m = 2 1.0m = 3 Special = 0	None = 1 FC/PC = 2 FC/APC = 3 SC/PC = 4 SC/APC = 5 ST/PC = 6 LC/PC = 7 LC/APC = A LC/UPC = U Special = 0

<sup>\*</sup>Product dimensions may change without notice. This is sometimes required for non-standard specifications.



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### **Application Notes**

### **Fiber Core Alignment**

Note that the minimum attenuation for these devices depends on excellent core-to-core alignment when the connectors are mated. This is crucial for shorter wavelengths with smaller fiber core diameters that can increase the loss of many decibels above the specification if they are not perfectly aligned. Different vendors' connectors may not mate well with each other, especially for angled APC.

#### **Fiber Cleanliness**

Fibers with smaller core diameters (<5 µm) must be kept extremely clean, contamination at fiber-fiber interfaces, combined with the high optical power density, can lead to significant optical damage. This type of damage usually requires re-polishing or replacement of the connector.

#### **Maximum Optical Input Power**

Due to their small fiber core diameters for short wavelength and high photon energies, the damage thresholds for device is substantially reduced than the common 1550nm fiber. To avoid damage to the exposed fiber end faces and internal components, the optical input power should never exceed 20 mW for wavelengths shorter 650nm. We produce a special version to increase the how handling by expanding the core side at the fiber ends.



